Under 49 C.F.R. Part 26

For

Northern Colorado Regional Airport

Loveland, Colorado

Operated by

The City of Loveland, Colorado and The City of Fort Collins, Colorado

POLICY STATEMENT

Section 26.1, 26.23 Objectives/Policy Statement

The Northern Colorado Regional Airport (Airport), has established a Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Program in accordance with regulations of the U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT), 49 CFR Part 26. The Airport has received Federal financial assistance from the Department of Transportation, and as a condition of receiving this assistance, the Airport has signed an assurance that it will comply with 49 CFR Part 26 (hereafter referred to as "Part 26").

It is the policy of the *Airport* to ensure that DBEs as defined in Part 26, have an equal opportunity to receive and participate in DOT–assisted contracts. It is also *Airport* policy to engage in the following actions on a continuing basis:

- 1. Ensure nondiscrimination in the award and administration of DOT- assisted contracts;
- Create a level playing field on which DBEs can compete fairly for DOT-assisted contracts;
- 3. Ensure that the DBE Program is narrowly tailored in accordance with applicable law;
- 4. Ensure that only firms that fully meet 49 CFR Part 26 eligibility standards are permitted to participate as DBEs;
- 5. Help remove barriers to the participation of DBEs in DOT assisted contracts;
- 6. Promote the use of DBEs in all types of federally assisted contracts and procurement activities;
- 7. Assist the development of firms that can compete successfully in the marketplace outside the DBE Program; and
- 8. Make appropriate use of the flexibility afforded to recipients of Federal financial assistance in establishing and providing opportunities for DBEs.

Jason Licon, *Airport Manager*, has been delegated as the DBE Liaison Officer. In that capacity, the *Airport Manager* is responsible for implementing all aspects of the DBE program. Implementation of the DBE program is accorded the same priority as compliance with all other legal obligations incurred by the *Airport* in its financial assistance agreements with the Department of Transportation.

The *Airport* has disseminated this policy statement to the *City of Loveland and the City of Fort Collins* and all the components of our organization. This statement has been distributed to DBE and non-DBE business communities that may perform work on *Airport* DOT-assisted contracts. The *Airport* accomplished this by advertising the policy statement on the *Airport*'s website.

QRZ	06/19/2020	
Jason Licon, Airport Manager	Date	

SUBPART A - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

Section 26.1 Objectives

The objectives are elaborated in the policy statement on the first page of this program.

Section 26.3 Applicability

The Airport is the recipient of Federal airport funds authorized by 49 U.S.C. 47101, et seg.

Section 26.5 Definitions

The Airport will use terms in this program that have their meanings defined in Part 26, §26.5.

Section 26.7 Non-discrimination Requirements

The *Airport* will never exclude any person from participation in, deny any person the benefits of, or otherwise discriminate against anyone in connection with the award and performance of any contract covered by 49 CFR Part 26 on the basis of race, color, sex, or national origin.

In administering its DBE program, the *Airport* will not, directly or through contractual or other arrangements, use criteria or methods of administration that have the effect of defeating or substantially impairing accomplishment of the objectives of the DBE program with respect to individuals of a particular race, color, sex, or national origin.

Section 26.11 Record Keeping Requirements

Reporting to DOT

The *Airport* will provide data about its DBE Program to the Department as directed by DOT operating administrations.

DBE participation will be reported to *DOT/FAA* as follows:

The *Airport* will transmit to *FAA* annually, by or before December 1, the information required for the "Uniform Report of DBE Awards or Commitments and Payments", as described in Appendix B to Part 26. The *Airport* will similarly report the required information about participating DBE firms. All reporting will be done through the *FAA* official reporting system, or another format acceptable to *FAA* as instructed thereby.

Bidders List

The Airport will create and maintain a bidders list. The purpose of the list is to provide as accurate data as possible about the universe of DBE and non-DBE contractors and subcontractors who seek to work on the Airport DOT-assisted contracts, for use in helping to set overall goals. The bidders list will include the name, address, DBE and non-DBE status, age of firm, and annual gross receipts of firms.

The Airport will collect this information in the following ways: by placing a clause in all bid solicitations requiring prime bidders to report the name, address, DBE and non-DBE status, age of firm, and annual gross receipts of firms to be submitted as part of the bid package. A copy of the bidders list can be reviewed in **Attachment 3**.

Section 26.13 Federal Financial Assistance Agreement

The *Airport* has signed the following assurances, applicable to all DOT-assisted contracts and their administration:

<u>Assurance:</u> - Each financial assistance agreement the *Airport* signs with a DOT operating administration (or a primary recipient) will include the following assurance:

The *Airport* shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the award and performance of any DOT-assisted contract or in the administration of its DBE program or the requirements of 49 CFR Part 26. The *Airport* shall take all necessary and reasonable steps under 49 CFR Part 26 to ensure nondiscrimination in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. The *Airport* DBE program, as required by 49 CFR Part 26 and as approved by DOT, is incorporated by reference in this agreement. Implementation of this program is a legal obligation and failure to carry out its terms shall be treated as a violation of this agreement. Upon notification to the *Airport* of its failure to carry out its approved program, the Department may impose sanctions as provided for under 49 CFR Part 26 and may, in appropriate cases, refer the matter for enforcement under 18 U.S.C. 1001 and/or the Program Fraud Civil Remedies Act of 1986 (31 U.S.C. 3801 *et seq.*).

<u>Contract Assurance:</u> The *Airport* will ensure that the following clause is included in each DOT-funded contract it signs with a contractor (and each subcontract the prime contractor signs with a subcontractor):

The contractor, sub recipient or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:

- 1) Withholding monthly progress payments;
- 2) Assessing sanctions;
- 3) Liquidated damages; and/or
- 4) Disqualifying the contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.

SUBPART B - ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

Section 26.21 DBE Program Updates

The *Airport* is required to have a DBE program meeting the requirements of this part as it will receive grants for airport planning or development and will award prime contracts, cumulative total value of which exceeds \$250,000 in FAA funds in a federal fiscal year. The *Airport* is not eligible to receive DOT financial assistance unless DOT has approved this DBE program and the *Airport* is in compliance with it and Part 26. The *Airport* will continue to carry out this program until all

funds from DOT financial assistance have been expended. The *Airport* does not have to submit regular updates of the DBE program document, as long as it remains in compliance. However, significant changes in the program, including those required by regulatory updates, will be submitted for DOT approval.

Section 26.23 Policy Statement

The Policy Statement is elaborated on the first page of this DBE Program.

Section 26.25 DBE Liaison Officer (DBELO)

The following individual has been designated as the DBE Liaison Officer for the *Airport*:

Jason Licon
Airport Manager
4900 Earhart Road
Loveland, CO 80538
970-962-2852
Jason.Licon@cityofloveland.org

In that capacity, the DBELO is responsible for implementing all aspects of the DBE program and ensuring that the *Airport* complies with all provision of 49 CFR Part 26. The DBELO has direct, independent access to the *Airport Authority's Attorney* concerning DBE program matters. An organizational chart displaying the DBELO's position in the organization is included in **Attachment 2** to this program.

The DBELO is responsible for developing, implementing and monitoring the DBE program, in coordination with other appropriate officials. The DBELO has a staff of consultant engineers to assist in the administration of the program. The duties and responsibilities include the following:

- 1. Gathers and reports statistical data and other information as required by DOT.
- 2. Reviews third party contracts and purchase requisitions for compliance with this program.
- 3. Ensures that bid notices and requests for proposals are available to DBEs in a timely manner.
- 4. Identifies contracts and procurements so that DBE goals are included in solicitations (both race-neutral methods and contract specific goals) and monitors results.
- 5. Analyzes the *Airport's* progress toward attainment and identifies ways to improve progress.
- 6. Participates in pre-bid meetings.
- 7. Advises the governing body on DBE matters and achievement.
- 8. Determine contractor compliance with good faith efforts.
- 9. Provides DBEs with information.
- 10. Acts as liaison to the Uniform Certification Process.
- 11. Provides outreach to DBEs and community organizations to advise them of opportunities.

Section 26.27 DBE Financial Institutions

It is the policy of the *Airport* to investigate the full extent of services offered by financial institutions owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals in the community, to make reasonable efforts to use these institutions, and to encourage prime contractors on DOT-assisted contracts to make use of these institutions.

The Colorado Department of Transportation identifies such institutions in the Colorado UCP DBE and ACDBE Directory. Currently no financial institutions are listed in the directory. The *Airport* will investigate the availability of these institutions on a yearly basis.

Section 26.29 Prompt Payment Mechanisms

The *Airport* requires that all subcontractors performing work on DOT-assisted contracts shall be promptly paid for work performed pursuant to their agreements, in accordance with all relevant federal, state, and local law.

In accordance with 49 CFR §26.29, the *Airport* established a contract clause implementing this requirement and requires prime contractors to pay subcontractors for satisfactory performance of their contracts no later than seven (7) days from the prime contractor's receipt of each payment from the *Airport*.

The *Airport* ensures prompt and full payment of retainage from the prime contractor to the subcontractor within seven (7) days after the subcontractor's work is satisfactorily completed. Pursuant to §26.29, the *Airport* has selected the following method to comply with this requirement:

• The Airport will hold retainage from prime contractors and provide for prompt and regular incremental acceptances of portions of the prime contract, pay retainage to prime contractors based on these acceptances, and require a contract clause obligating the prime contractor to pay all retainage owed to the subcontractor for satisfactory completion of the accepted work within seven (7) days after the Airport's payment to the prime contractor.

To implement this measure, the *Airport* includes the following clause from FAA Advisory Circular 150/5370-10 in each DOT-assisted prime contract:

The Contractor is required to pay all subcontractors for satisfactory performance of their contracts no later than seven (7) days after the Contractor has received a partial payment. The Owner must ensure prompt and full payment of retainage from the prime Contractor to the subcontractor within seven (7) days after the subcontractor's work is satisfactorily completed. A subcontractor's work is satisfactorily completed when all the tasks called for in the subcontract have been accomplished and documented as required by the Owner. When the Owner has made an incremental acceptance of a portion of a prime contract, the work of a subcontractor covered by that acceptance is deemed to be satisfactorily completed.

Additionally, Colorado's Prompt Payment Law (CRS 24-91-103(2)), requires the contractor to pay all subcontractors within seven (7) calendar days of receipt of payment from a public entity, providing the subcontractor complies with the requirements of the law. This clause applies to both DBE and non-DBE subcontractors.

Section 26.31 Directory

The *Airport* is a *non-certifying* member of the Colorado Unified Certification Program (UCP). The UCP maintains a directory identifying all firms eligible to participate as DBEs, which contains all the elements required by §26.31.

Section 26.33 Over-concentration

The *Airport* has not identified that over-concentration exists in the types of work that DBEs perform.

Section 26.35 Business Development Programs

The Airport has not established a Business Development Program.

Section 26.37 Monitoring Responsibilities

The *Airport* implements and carries out appropriate mechanisms to ensure compliance with 49 CFR Part 26 program requirements by all program participants, including prompt payment, and describes and set forth these mechanisms in the *Airport*'s DBE program.

The *Airport* actively monitors participation by maintaining a running tally of actual DBE attainments (*e.g.*, payments actually made to DBE firms), including a means of comparing these attainments to commitments.

Monitoring Payments to DBEs and Non-DBEs

The *Airport* undertakes ongoing monitoring of prime payments to subcontractors over the course of any covered contract. Such monitoring activities will be accomplished through the following method(s):

- The *Airport* will notify project subcontractors, via email, when issuing prime contractor payments to alert them to the start of the 30-day clock for payment.
- The Airport will require a monthly payment summary form from prime contractors with the submission of each monthly pay application. The purpose of the monthly payment summary form is for the prime contractor to show all payments due to subcontractors, including suppliers. Failure to submit a complete and accurate monthly payment summary form shall be grounds for the Owner to withhold subsequent payments or retainage to the Contractor. The form will require the following information:
 - Subcontractor
 - Payment date to subcontractor
 - Subcontractor invoice amount
 - Payment amount
 - Whether work is completed
 - Whether retainage is released

The *Airport* requires prime contractors to maintain records and documents of payments to subcontractors, including DBEs, for a minimum of three (3) years unless otherwise provided by applicable record retention requirements for the *Airport's* financial assistance agreement, whichever is longer. These records will be made available for inspection upon request by any authorized representative of the *Airport* or DOT. This reporting requirement extends to all subcontractors, both DBE and non-DBE.

• The *Airport* proactively reviews contract payments to subcontractors including DBEs monthly. Payment reviews will evaluate whether the actual amount paid to DBE subcontractors is equivalent to the amounts reported to the Airport by the prime contractor.

Prompt Payment Dispute Resolution

The *Airport* will take the following steps to resolve disputes as to whether work has been satisfactorily completed for purposes of §26.29.

- To initiate the dispute resolution process, the Contractor shall provide a written notice of dispute to the Project Engineer/Manager upon the failure of the Parties to resolve the issue through negotiation.
- Disputes from subcontractors, material suppliers, or any other entity not party to the Contract shall be submitted through the Contractor. Review of a pass-through dispute does not create privity of Contract between Owner and the subcontractor.
- All disputes and claims shall be submitted in writing within 45 days following payment to prime contractor and shall include:
 - The date of the dispute
 - The nature of the circumstances which caused the dispute
 - A statement explains in detail the specific provisions of the Contract and any basis, legal or factual, which support the dispute
- Within 15 days after receipt of the dispute, the Project Engineer/Manager will meet with the Contractor and subcontractor to discuss the merits of the dispute. Within seven (7) days after this meeting the Project Engineer will issue a written decision on the merits of the dispute.
- If the dispute is determined to have merit, the Contractor and Project Engineer/Manager will determine the adjustment in payment, schedule, or both within 30 days.

The *Airport* has established, as part of its DBE program, the following mechanism(s) to ensure prompt payment and return of retainage:

- A contract clause providing that the prime contractor will not be reimbursed for work
 performed by subcontractors unless and until the prime contractor ensures that the
 subcontractors are promptly paid for the work they have performed.
 - The Contractor shall submit the monthly payment form, along with the project schedule updates. Failure to submit a complete and accurate monthly payment form shall be grounds for the Owner to withhold subsequent payments or retainage to the Contractor and may make payments to subcontracts on behalf of the Owner out of the withheld retainage.
 - The Owner will monitor the progress of the Contractor throughout the project to ensure that the Contractor's DBE commitments are being fulfilled. Modifications to the commitments must be approved by the Owner. The Owner may withhold payment or seek other contractual remedies if the Contractor is not complying with

the requirements of this provision. Upon completion of the Contract, the Owner may reduce the final payment to the Contractor if the Contractor has failed to fulfill the commitments.

Prompt Payment Complaints

Complaints by subcontractors regarding the prompt payment requirements are handled according to the following procedure:

- The affected subcontractor should inform both the DBELO, Project Engineer/Manager and Contractor regarding payment issues. If the Contractor is unresponsive, the DBELO will handle payment discrepancies directly with the Contractor on behalf of the subcontractor.
- If the DBELO is unable to resolve the complaint in a timely and meaningful manner, the affected subcontractor may contact the Finance Director.
- Pursuant to Sec. 157 of the FAA Reauthorization Act of 2018, all complaints related to prompt payment will be reported in a format acceptable to the FAA, including the nature and origin of the complaint and its resolution.

Enforcement Actions for Noncompliance of Participants

The *Airport* will provide appropriate means to enforce the requirements of §26.29. These means include:

- In accordance with the contract, assessing liquidated damages against the prime contractor for each day beyond the required time period the prime contractor fails to pay the subcontractor
- Advise subcontractors of the availability of the payment and performance bond to assure payment for labor and materials in the execution of the work provided for in the contract
- Pay subcontractors directly and deduct this amount from the retainage owed to the prime
- Issue a stop-work order until payments are released to subcontractors, specifying in the contract that such orders constitute unauthorized delays for the purposes of calculating liquidated damages if milestones are not met
- Contract termination

The Airport will actively implement the enforcement actions detailed above.

Monitoring Contracts and Work Sites

The Airport reviews contracting records and engages in active monitoring of work sites to ensure that work committed to DBEs at contract award or subsequently (e.g., as the result of modification to the contract) is actually performed by the DBEs to which the work was committed. Work site monitoring is performed by DBELO, Project Engineer/Manager, Inspectors, and Engineering Consultants. Contracting records are reviewed by DBELO, Project Engineer/Manager, Finance

Department, City Attorney and City Manager. The *Airport* will maintain written certification that contracting records have been reviewed and work sites have been monitored for this purpose.

Section 26.39 Fostering small business participation

The *Airport* has adopted the Colorado Department of Transportation's Emerging Small Business Program. The details of the program may be found on the following website: https://www.codot.gov/business/civilrights/smallbusiness/esb

The Small Business Program will structure contracting requirements to facilitate competition by small business concerns, taking all reasonable steps to eliminate obstacles to their participation, including unnecessary and unjustified bundling of contract requirements that may preclude small business participation in procurements as prime contractors or subcontractors. We will actively implement the program elements to foster small business participation, doing so is a requirement of good faith implementation of our DBE program.

The Airport will utilize the ESB directory and small businesses will be verified through this directory.

As program is developed by the state and is authorized under state law. No geographic preferences are given to bidders. There are no limits to the number of contracts awarded to firms. The *Airport* will make efforts to encourage small business participation, and encourage those small businesses eligible to become DBE certified.

The small business element is incorporated as **Attachment 10** to this DBE Program. The program elements will be actively implemented to foster small business participation.

SUBPART C - GOALS, GOOD FAITH EFFORTS, AND COUNTING

Section 26.43 Set-asides or Quotas

The Airport does not use quotas in any way in the administration of this DBE program.

Section 26.45 Overall Goals

The *Airport* will establish an overall DBE goal covering a three-year federal fiscal year period if it anticipates awarding DOT-funded prime contracts the cumulative total value of which exceeds \$250,000 in DOT funds during any one or more of the reporting fiscal years within the three-year goal period. In accordance with §26.45(f), the *Airport* will submit its Overall Three-year DBE Goal to the *FAA* by August 1st of the year in which the goal is due, as required by the schedule established by and posted to the website of the *FAA*.

(https://www.faa.gov/about/office_org/headquarters_offices/acr/bus_ent_program/media/DBE%20and%20ACDBE%20Reporting%20Requirements%20for%20Airport%20Grant%20Recipients.pdf)

The DBE goals will be established in accordance with the 2-step process as specified in 49 CFR Part 26.45. If the *Airport* does not anticipate awarding prime contracts the cumulative total value of which exceeds \$250,000 in DOT funds during any of the years within the three-year reporting period, an overall goal will not be developed. However, this DBE Program will remain in effect and the *Airport* will seek to fulfill the objectives outlined in 49 CFR Part 26.1.

Step 1. The first step is to determine a base figure for the relative availability of DBEs in the market area. The *Airport* will use *DBE Directory information and Census Bureau Data, or a Bidders List* as a method to determine the base figure. The *Airport* understands that the exclusive use of a list of prequalified contractors or plan holders, or a bidders list that does not comply with the requirements of 49 CFR Part 26.45(c)(2), and is not an acceptable alternative means of determining the availability of DBEs.

Step 2. The second step is to adjust, if necessary, the "base figure" percentage from Step 1 so that it reflects as accurately as possible the DBE participation the recipient would expect in the absence of discrimination. Adjustments may be made based on past participation, information from a disparity study (to the extent it is not already accounted for in the base goal), and/or information about barriers to entry to past competitiveness of DBEs on contracts. The *Airport* will examine all of the evidence available in its jurisdiction to determine what adjustment, if any, is needed. If the evidence does not suggest an adjustment is necessary, then no adjustment shall be made.

Any methodology selected will be based on demonstrable evidence of local market conditions and be designed to ultimately attain a goal that is rationally related to the relative availability of DBEs in the *Airport's* market.

In establishing the overall goal, the *Airport* will provide for consultation and publication. This includes consultation with minority, women's and general contractor groups, community organizations, and other officials or organizations which could be expected to have information concerning the availability of disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged businesses, the effects of discrimination on opportunities for DBEs, and the efforts by the *Airport* to establish a level playing field for the participation of DBEs. The consultation will include a scheduled, direct, interactive exchange (e.g., a face-to-face meeting, video conference, teleconference) with as many interested stakeholders as possible focused on obtaining information relevant to the goal setting process, and it will occur before the *Airport* is required to submit the goal methodology to the operating administration for review pursuant to §26.45(f). The goal submission will document the consultation process in which the *Airport* engaged. Notwithstanding paragraph (f)(4) of §26.45, the proposed goal will not be implemented until this requirement is met.

In addition to the consultation described above, the *Airport* will publish a notice announcing the proposed overall goal before submission to the *FAA* on August 1st. The notice will be posted on *Airport's* official internet web site and may be posted in other sources (e.g., minority-focused media, trade association publications). If the proposed goal changes following review by the *FAA*, the revised goal will be posted on the official internet web site.

The Overall Three-Year DBE Goal submission to the *FAA* will include a summary of information and comments received, if any, during this public participation process and the *Airport's* responses.

The *Airport* will begin using the overall goal on October 1 of the relevant period, unless other instructions from the *FAA* have been received.

Project Goals

If permitted or required by the *FAA* Administrator, an overall goal may be expressed as a percentage of funds for a particular grant or project or group of grants and/or projects, including entire projects. Like other overall goals, a project goal may be adjusted to reflect changed circumstances, with the concurrence of the appropriate operating administration. A project goal is an overall goal, and must meet all the substantive and procedural requirements of this section

pertaining to overall goals. A project goal covers the entire length of the project to which it applies. The project goal will include a projection of the DBE participation anticipated to be obtained during each fiscal year covered by the project goal. The funds for the project to which the project goal pertains are separated from the base from which the regular overall goal, applicable to contracts not part of the project covered by a project goal, is calculated.

If a goal is established on a project basis, the goal will be used by the time of the first solicitation for a DOT-assisted contract for the project.

Prior Operating Administration Concurrence

The *Airport* understands that prior *FAA* concurrence with the overall goal is not required. However, if the *FAA* review suggests that the overall goal has not been correctly calculated or that the method employed by the *Airport* for calculating goals is inadequate, the *FAA* may, after consulting with the *Airport*, adjust the overall goal or require that the goal be adjusted by the *Airport*. The adjusted overall goal is binding. In evaluating the adequacy or soundness of the methodology used to derive the overall goal, the U.S. DOT operating administration will be guided by the goal setting principles and best practices identified by the Department in guidance issued pursuant to §26.9.

A description of the methodology to calculate the overall goal and the goal calculations can be found in **Attachment 5** to this program.

Section 26.47 Failure to meet overall goals

The *Airport* cannot be penalized or treated by the Department as being in noncompliance with Part 26, because DBE participation falls short of an overall goal, unless the *Airport* fails to administer its DBE program in good faith.

The *Airport* understands that to be considered to be in compliance with this part, an approved DBE Program and overall DBE goal, if applicable, must be maintained, and this DBE Program must be administered in good faith.

The *Airport* understands that if the awards and commitments shown on the Uniform Report of Awards or Commitments and Payments at the end of any fiscal year are less than the overall goal applicable to that fiscal year, the following actions must be taken in order to be regarded by the Department as implementing this DBE Program in good faith:

- (1) Analyze in detail the reasons for the difference between the overall goal and the awards and commitments in that fiscal year;
- (2) Establish specific steps and milestones to correct the problems identified in the analysis to enable the goal for the new fiscal year to be fully met;
- (3) The *Airport* will prepare, within 90 days of the end of the fiscal year, the analysis and corrective actions developed under paragraph (c)(1) and (2) of this section. The *Airport* will retain copy of analysis and corrective actions in records for a minimum of three years, and will make it available to the *FAA* upon request.

Section 26.51 Means Recipients Use to Meet Overall Goals

Breakout of Estimated Race-Neutral & Race-Conscious Participation

The *Airport* will meet the maximum feasible portion of its overall goal by using race-neutral means of facilitating race-neutral DBE participation. Race-neutral DBE participation includes any time a DBE wins a prime contract through customary competitive procurement procedures or is awarded a subcontract on a prime contract that does not carry a DBE contract goal.

Race-neutral means include, but are not limited to the following:

- (1) Arranging solicitations, times for the presentation of bids, quantities, specifications, and delivery schedules in ways that facilitate participation by DBEs and other small businesses and by making contracts more accessible to small businesses, by means such as those provided under §26.39.
- (2) Providing assistance in overcoming limitations such as inability to obtain bonding or financing (e.g., by such means as simplifying the bonding process, reducing bonding requirements, eliminating the impact of surety costs from bids, and providing services to help DBEs, and other small businesses, obtain bonding and financing);
- (3) Providing technical assistance and other services;
- (4) Carrying out information and communications programs on contracting procedures and specific contract opportunities (e.g., ensuring the inclusion of DBEs, and other small businesses, on recipient mailing lists for bidders; ensuring the dissemination to bidders on prime contracts of lists of potential subcontractors; provision of information in languages other than English, where appropriate);
- (5) Implementing a supportive services program to develop and improve immediate and long-term business management, record keeping, and financial and accounting capability for DBEs and other small businesses;
- (6) Providing services to help DBEs, and other small businesses, improve long-term development, increase opportunities to participate in a variety of kinds of work, handle increasingly significant projects, and achieve eventual self-sufficiency;
- (7) Establishing a program to assist new, start-up firms, particularly in fields in which DBE participation has historically been low;
- (8) Ensuring distribution of the DBE directory, through print and electronic means, to the widest feasible universe of potential prime contractors; and
- (9) Assisting DBEs, and other small businesses, to develop their capability to utilize emerging technology and conduct business through electronic media.

The breakout of estimated race-neutral and race-conscious participation can be found in **Attachment 5** to this program.

The *Airport* will arrange solicitations, times for the presentation of bids, quantities, specifications, and delivery schedules in ways that facilitate participation by DBEs and other small businesses

and by making contracts more accessible to small businesses, by means such as those provided under §26.39.

Contract Goals

If the approved projection under paragraph (c) of §26.51 estimates that the entire overall goal for a given year can be met through race-neutral means, contract goals will not be set during that year, unless the use of contract goals becomes necessary in order meet the overall goal.

Contract goals will be established only on those DOT-assisted contracts that have subcontracting possibilities. A contract goal need not be established on every such contract, and the size of contract goals will be adapted to the circumstances of each such contract (e.g., type and location of work, availability of DBEs to perform the particular type of work).

Contract goals will be expressed as a percentage of the total amount of a DOT-assisted contract.

Section 26.53 Good Faith Efforts Procedures in Situations where there are Contract Goals

Demonstration of good faith efforts (pre-award)

In cases where a contract goal has been established, the contract in question will only be awarded to a bidder/offeror that has made good faith efforts to meet the contract goal. The bidder/offeror can demonstrate that it has made good faith efforts by either meeting the contract goal or documenting that it has made adequate good faith efforts to do so. Examples of good faith efforts are found in Appendix A to Part 26.

The *DBELO* is responsible for determining whether a bidder/offeror who has not met the contract goal has documented sufficient good faith efforts to be regarded as *Responsive*.

The *Airport* will ensure that all information is complete and accurate and adequately documents the bidder/offeror's good faith efforts before committing to the performance of the contract by the bidder/offeror.

<u>In all solicitations for DOT-assisted contracts for which a contract goal has been established, the following information will be required of every bidder/offeror:</u>

- (1) Award of the contract will be conditioned on meeting the requirements of this section;
- (2) All bidders or offerors will be required to submit the following information to the recipient, at the time provided in paragraph (3) of this section:
 - (i) The names and addresses of DBE firms that will participate in the contract;
 - (ii) A description of the work that each DBE will perform. To count toward meeting a goal, each DBE firm must be certified in a NAICS code applicable to the kind of work the firm would perform on the contract
 - (iii) The dollar amount of the participation of each DBE firm participating;
 - (iv) Written documentation of the bidder/offeror's commitment to use a DBE subcontractor whose participation it submits to meet a contract goal; and

- (v) Written confirmation from each listed DBE firm that it is participating in the contract in the kind and amount of work provided in the prime contractor's commitment.
- (vi) If the contract goal is not met, evidence of good faith efforts (as elaborated in Appendix A of Part 26). The documentation of good faith efforts must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quote submitted to the bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor was selected over a DBE for work on the contract; and
- (3) The bidder/offeror will be required to present the information stipulated in paragraph (2) of this section:
- (4) Under sealed bid procedures, as a matter of *responsiveness*, or with initial proposals, under contract negotiation procedures;

Provided that, in a negotiated procurement, including a design-build procurement, the bidder/offeror may make a contractually binding commitment to meet the goal at the time of bid submission or the presentation of initial proposals but provide the information required by paragraph (2) of this section before the final selection for the contract is made by the recipient.

Administrative reconsideration

Within five (5) days of being informed by the *Airport* that it is not *responsive* because it has not documented adequate good faith efforts, a bidder/offeror may request administrative reconsideration. Bidder/offerors should make this request in writing to the following reconsideration official:

Jason Smitherman, Risk Manager City of Loveland (970) 962-3319

The reconsideration official will not have played any role in the original determination that the bidder/offeror did not document sufficient good faith efforts.

As part of this reconsideration, the bidder/offeror will have the opportunity to provide written documentation or argument concerning the issue of whether it met the goal or made adequate good faith efforts to do so. The bidder/offeror will have the opportunity to meet in person with the reconsideration official to discuss the issue of whether the goal was met, or the bidder/offeror made adequate good faith efforts to do. The bidder/offeror will be sent a written decision on reconsideration, explaining the basis for finding that the bidder did or did not meet the goal or make adequate good faith efforts to do so. The result of the reconsideration process is not administratively appealable to the Department of Transportation.

Good Faith Efforts procedural requirements (post-solicitation)

The awarded contractor will be required to make available upon request a copy of all DBE subcontracts. The contractor shall ensure that all subcontracts or agreements with DBEs to supply labor or materials include all required contract provisions and mandate that the subcontractor and all lower tier subcontractors perform in accordance with the provisions of Part 26.

Prime contractors will be prohibited from terminating a DBE subcontractor listed in response to a covered solicitation (or an approved substitute DBE firm) without the prior written consent of the *Airport*. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which a prime contractor seeks to perform work originally designated for a DBE subcontractor with its own forces or those of an affiliate, a non-DBE firm, or another DBE firm.

Such written consent will be provided only if the *Airport* agrees, for reasons stated in the concurrence document, that the prime contractor has good cause to terminate the DBE firm. For purposes of this paragraph, good cause includes the following circumstances:

- (1) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to execute a written contract;
- (2) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to perform the work of its subcontract in a way consistent with normal industry standards. Provided however, that good cause does not exist if the failure or refusal of the DBE subcontractor to perform its work on the subcontract results from the bad faith or discriminatory action of the prime contractor:
- (3) The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the prime contractor's reasonable, non-discriminatory bond requirements.
- (4) The listed DBE subcontractor becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit unworthiness;
- (5) The listed DBE subcontractor is ineligible to work on public works projects because of suspension and debarment proceedings pursuant to 2 CFR Parts 180, 215 and 1,200 or applicable state law;
- (6) The *Airport* determined that the listed DBE subcontractor is not a responsible contractor;
- (7) The listed DBE subcontractor voluntarily withdraws from the project and provides the *Airport* written notice of its withdrawal;
- (8) The listed DBE is ineligible to receive DBE credit for the type of work required;
- (9) A DBE owner dies or becomes disabled with the result that the listed DBE contractor is unable to complete its work on the contract;
- (10) Other documented good cause that the Airport has determined compels the termination of the DBE subcontractor. Provided, that good cause does not exist if the prime contractor seeks to terminate a DBE it relied upon to obtain the contract so that the prime contractor can self-perform the work for which the DBE contractor was engaged or so that the prime contractor can substitute another DBE or non-DBE contractor after contract award.

Before transmitting to the *Airport* a request to terminate and/or substitute a DBE subcontractor, the prime contractor must give notice in writing to the DBE subcontractor, with a copy to the *Airport*, of its intent to request to terminate and/or substitute the DBE, and the reason(s) for the request.

The prime contractor must give the DBE five (5) days to respond to the prime contractor's notice and advise the *Airport* and the prime contractor of the reasons, if any, why the DBE objects to the proposed termination of its subcontract and why the prime contractor's action should not be approved. If required in a particular case as a matter of public necessity (*e.g.*, safety), a response period shorter than five (5) days may be provided.

In addition to post-award terminations, the provisions of this section apply to pre-award deletions of or substitutions for DBE firms put forward by offerors in negotiated procurements.

Each prime contract will include a provision stating:

The contractor shall utilize the specific DBEs listed in the contractor's [bid/solicitation] response to perform the work and supply the materials for which each is listed unless the contractor obtains prior written consent of the Airport as provided in 49 CFR Part 26, §26.53(f). Unless such consent is provided, the contractor shall not be entitled to any payment for work or material unless it is performed or supplied by the listed DBE.

The *Airport* will require a contractor to make good faith efforts to replace a DBE that is terminated or has otherwise failed to complete its work on a contract with another certified DBE. These good faith efforts shall be directed at finding another DBE to perform at least the same amount of work under the contract as the DBE that was terminated, to the extent needed to meet the contract goal that was established for the procurement. The good faith efforts shall be documented by the contractor. If the *Airport* requests documentation from the contractor under this provision, the contractor shall submit the documentation within seven (7) days, which may be extended for an additional seven (7) days if necessary, at the request of the contractor. the *Airport* shall provide a written determination to the contractor stating whether or not good faith efforts have been demonstrated.

If the contractor fails or refuses to comply in the time specified, the contracting office/representative of the *Airport* may issue an order stopping all or part of payment/work until satisfactory action has been taken. If the contractor still fails to comply, the contracting officer may issue a termination for default proceeding.

Section 26.55 Counting DBE Participation

DBE participation will be counted toward overall and contract goals as provided in §26.55. The participation of a DBE subcontractor will not be counted toward a contractor's final compliance with its DBE obligations on a contract until the amount being counted has actually been paid to the DBE.

In the case of post-award substitutions or additions, if a firm is not currently certified as a DBE in accordance with the standards of subpart D of this part at the time of the execution of the contract, the firm's participation will not be counted toward any DBE goals, except as provided for in §26.87(j).

Pursuant to Sec. 150 of the FAA Reauthorization Act of 2018, DBE firms certified with NAICS code 237310 that exceed the business size standard in § 26.65(b) will remain eligible for DBE credit for work in that category as long as they do not exceed the small business size standard for that category, as adjusted by the United States Small Business Administration.

SUBPART D – CERTIFICATION STANDARDS

Section 26.61 – 26.73 Certification Process

The *Airport* is a non-certifying member of the Colorado Unified Certification Program (UCP). Colorado UCP will use the certification standards of Subpart D of Part 26 to determine the eligibility of firms to participate as DBEs in DOT-assisted contracts. To be certified as a DBE, a firm must meet all certification eligibility standards. Certifying Colorado UCP members make all certification decisions based on the facts as a whole.

For information about the certification process or to apply for certification, firms should contact:

Colorado Department of Transportation

2829 W. Howard Place, 1st Floor Denver, CO 80204 (303) 757-9303

Or

City of County of Denver

Office of Economic Development Division of Small Business Opportunity (DSBO) 201 West Colfax, Dept. 907 Denver, CO 80202 (720) 913-1999

The Uniform Certification Application form and documentation requirements are found in **Attachment 9** to this program.

SUBPART E - CERTIFICATION PROCEDURES

Section 26.81 Unified Certification Programs

Both the City of Loveland and the City of Fort Collins are members of the Unified Certification Program (UCP) administered by the State of Colorado. The Airport is operated by both the City of Loveland and the City of Fort Collins. The UCP will meet all of the requirements of this section.

SUBPART F - COMPLIANCE AND ENFORCEMENT

Section 26.101 Compliance Procedures Applicable to the *Airport*

The *Airport* understands that if it fails to comply with any requirement of this part, the *Airport* may be subject to formal enforcement action under §26.103 or §26.105 or appropriate program sanctions by the concerned operating administration, such as the suspension or termination of Federal funds, or refusal to approve projects, grants or contracts until deficiencies are remedied. Program sanctions may include, in the case of the FHWA program, actions provided for under 23 CFR 1.36; in the case of the FAA program, actions consistent with 49 U.S.C. 47106(d), 47111(d), and 47122; and in the case of the FTA program, any actions permitted under 49 U.S.C. chapter 53 or applicable FTA program requirements.

Section 26.109 Information, Confidentiality, Cooperation and Intimidation or Retaliation

Information that may reasonably be regarded as confidential business information, consistent with Federal, state, and local law will be safeguarded from disclosure to third parties.

Notwithstanding any provision of Federal or state law, information that may reasonably be construed as confidential business information will not be released to any third party without the written consent of the firm that submitted the information, including applications for DBE certification and supporting information. However, this information will be transmitted to DOT in

any certification appeal proceeding under §26.89 or to any other state to which the individual's firm has applied for certification under §26.85.

All participants in the Department's DBE program (including, but not limited to, recipients, DBE firms and applicants for DBE certification, complainants and appellants, and contractors using DBE firms to meet contract goals) are required to cooperate fully and promptly with DOT and recipient compliance reviews, certification reviews, investigations, and other requests for information. Failure to do so shall be a ground for appropriate action against the party involved (e.g., with respect to recipients, a finding of noncompliance; with respect to DBE firms, denial of certification or removal of eligibility and/or suspension and debarment; with respect to a contractor which uses DBE firms to meet goals, findings of non-responsibility for future contracts and/or suspension and debarment).

The *Airport* contractor, or any other participant in the program will not intimidate, threaten, coerce, or discriminate against any individual or firm for the purpose of interfering with any right or privilege secured by this part or because the individual or firm has made a complaint, testified, assisted, or participated in any manner in an investigation, proceeding, or hearing under this part. The *Airport* understands that it is in noncompliance with Part 26 if it violates this prohibition.

Attachment 1	Regulations: 49 CFR Part 26 (website link)
Attachment 2	Organizational Chart
Attachment 3	Bidder's List Collection Form
Attachment 4	State's DBE Directory (website link)
Attachment 5	Overall DBE Three-Year Goal Methodology
Attachment 6	Demonstration of Good Faith Efforts – Forms 1 & 2
Attachment 7	DBE Monitoring and Enforcement Mechanisms
Attachment 8	DBE Certification Application Form
Attachment 9	State's UCP Agreement
Attachment 10	Small Business Element Program

Regulations: 49 CFR Part 26 (website link)

49 CFR Part 26 may be found at the following website:

https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/CFR-2018-title49-vol1/pdf/CFR-2018-title49-vol1-part26.pdf

Organizational Chart



Bidder's List Collection Form

Firm Name	Firm Address/ Phone #	DBE or Non-DBE Status (verify via State's UCP Directory)	Age of Firm	Annual Gross Receipts
			☐ Less than 1 year	☐ Less than \$500K
			☐ 1- 3 years	☐ \$500K - \$1 million
			☐ 4-7 years	☐ \$1-2 million
			☐ 8-10 years	☐ \$2-5 million
			☐ More than 10 years	☐ Greater than \$5 million
			☐ Less than 1 year	☐ Less than \$500K
			☐ 1- 3 years	☐ \$500K - \$1 million
			☐ 4-7 years	☐ \$1-2 million
			☐ 8-10 years	☐ \$2-5 million
			☐ More than 10 years	☐ Greater than \$5 million
			☐ Less than 1 year	☐ Less than \$500K
			☐ 1- 3 years	☐ \$500K - \$1 million
			☐ 4-7 years	☐ \$1-2 million
			☐ 8-10 years	☐ \$2-5 million
			☐ More than 10 years	☐ Greater than \$5 million
			☐ Less than 1 year	☐ Less than \$500K
			☐ 1- 3 years	☐ \$500K - \$1 million
			☐ 4-7 years	☐ \$1-2 million
			☐ 8-10 years	☐ \$2-5 million
			☐ More than 10 years	☐ Greater than \$5 million
			☐ Less than 1 year	☐ Less than \$500K
			☐ 1- 3 years	☐ \$500K - \$1 million
			☐ 4-7 years	☐ \$1-2 million
			☐ 8-10 years	☐ \$2-5 million
			☐ More than 10 years	☐ Greater than \$5 million
			☐ Less than 1 year	☐ Less than \$500K
			☐ 1-3 years	☐ \$500K - \$1 million
			☐ 4-7 years	☐ \$1-2 million
			☐ 8-10 years	☐ \$2-5 million
			☐ More than 10 years	☐ Greater than \$5 million

State's DBE Directory (website link)

The Colorado Unified Certification Program DBE Directory can be found at:

https://coucp.dbesystem.com/FrontEnd/SearchCertifiedDirectory.asp

Overall DBE Three-Year Goal Methodology

Submitted as a separate document.

Demonstration of Good Faith Efforts - Forms 1 & 2

FORM 1: DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE (DBE) UTILIZATION

The undersigned bidder/offeror has satisfied the requirements of the bid specification in the following manner:

	□ Bidder/offeror has met the DBE contract goal The bidder/offeror is committed to a minimum of _	% DBE utilization on this contract.
	□ Bidder/offeror has not met the DBE contract goal. The bidder/offeror is committed to a minimum of _ and has submitted [or "will submit," if recipient man responsibility] documentation demonstrating good.	% DBE utilization on this contract de compliance a matter of
Legal	name of bidder/offeror's firm:	
Biddeı	/Offeror Representative:	
	Name & Title	
	Signature	Date

FORM 2: LETTER OF INTENT

Name of bidder/offeror's firm:			
Address:			
City: Stat	e:	Zip:	
Name of DBE firm:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Address:		 	
City: Stat	e:	Zip:	
Telephone:			
Description of work to be performed by DBE	firm:		
The bidder/offeror is committed to utilizing the described above. The estimated dollar value			
Affirmation			
The above-named DBE firm affirms that it wil estimated dollar value as stated above and the specific trades.			
By		Date:	
(Signature)			
(Title)			

If the bidder/offeror does not receive award of the prime contract, any and all representations in this Letter of Intent and Affirmation shall be null and void.

Submit this page for each DBE subcontractor.

DBE Monitoring and Enforcement Mechanisms

The *Airport* has available several remedies to enforce the DBE requirements contained in its contracts, including, but not limited to, the following:

- 1. Breach of contract action, pursuant to the terms of the contract;
- 2. Breach of contract action, pursuant to Colorado Law, including C.R.S. section 18-8-504 (false swearing).

In addition, the Federal government has available several enforcement mechanisms that it may apply to firms participating in the DBE problem, including, but not limited to, the following:

- 1. Suspension or debarment proceedings pursuant to 49 CFR Part 26
- 2. Enforcement action pursuant to 49 CFR Part 31
- 3. Prosecution pursuant to 18 USC 1001.

DBE Certification Application Form

For information about the certification process or to apply for certification, firms should contact either:

Colorado Department of Transportation

Center for Equal Opportunity 2829 W. Howard Place, 1st Floor Denver, CO 80204 (303) 757-9303

Weblink: https://www.codot.gov/business/civilrights/smallbusiness/dbe/certification

Or

City of County of Denver

Office of Economic Development Division of Small Business Opportunity (DSBO) 201 West Colfax, Dept. 907 Denver, CO 80202 (720) 913-1999

State's UCP Agreement

The *Airport* is operated by both the City of Loveland and the City of Fort Collins, both who are members of the State of Colorado's UCP. The certification may be viewed on the following website: http://www.coloradodbe.org/

Small Business Element Program

1. Objective/Strategies

The *Airport* has adopted the Colorado Department of Transportation's Emerging Small Business Program (ESB). The details of the program may be found on the following website: https://www.codot.gov/business/civilrights/smallbusiness/esb

The Small Business Program will structure contracting requirements to facilitate competition by small business concerns, taking all reasonable steps to eliminate obstacles to their participation, including unnecessary and unjustified bundling of contract requirements that may preclude small business participation in procurements as prime contractors or subcontractors. We will actively implement the program elements to foster small business participation, doing so is a requirement of good faith implementation of our DBE program.

As program is developed by the state, is authorized under state law. No geographic preferences are given to bidders. There are no limits to the number of contracts awarded to firms. The Airport will make efforts to encourage small business participation and encourage those small businesses eligible to become DBE certified.

The Airport is committed to taking all reasonable steps to eliminate obstacles to small businesses that may preclude their participated in procurements as contractor or subcontractors. The Airport will meet its objectives using a combination of the following methods and strategies:

- 1. In large contracts (e.g., for "megaprojects") requesting bidders on the prime contract specify elements of the contract of specific subcontracts that are of a size that small businesses, including DBEs, can reasonably perform.
- On prime contracts not having DBE contract goals, requesting the prime contractor to provide subcontracting opportunities of a size that small businesses, including DBEs, can reasonably perform, rather than self-performing all the work involved.

2. Definition

Small Business:

A small business is a business that is independently owned and operated, is organized for profit, and is not dominant in its field. Small businesses must meet the definitions specified in Section 3 of the Small Business Act and the Small Business Administration regulations implementing it (13 CFR Part 121).

In order to qualify for the ESB program, the average annual gross receipts of the firm (including affiliates) cannot exceed one half of U.S. Small Business Administration's (SBA) size tables (See 13 CFR part 121) for the primary industry of the firm. Regardless of this size standard, no firm that exceeds one half of the DBE program cap shall be allowed to participation in the ESB program.

3. Verification

The Colorado Department of Transportation is responsible for verifying the eligibility of firms with the State of Colorado.

4. Monitoring/Record Keeping

The Colorado Department of Transportation will monitor and retain documentation of the small business element.

5. Assurance

The *Airport* makes the following assurances for this small business element:

- 1. The program is authorized under state law;
- 2. Certified DBEs that meet the size criteria established under the program are presumptively eligible to participate in the program;
- 3. No limits are placed on the number of contracts awarded to firms participating in the program, but every effort will be made to avoid creating barriers to the use of new, emerging, or untried businesses; and
- 4. Aggressive steps will be taken to encourage those minority and women owned firms that are eligible for DBE certification to become certified.
- 5. The program is open to small businesses regardless of their location (i.e., there is no local or other geographic preference).